WASSCE / WAEC MAY / JUNE 2017 GOVERNMENT PAST QUESTION PAPER (MULTIPLE CHOICE)

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Note:

- This WASSCE Government past question paper is a little bit different from our standard format but we had to get a copy for our audience ASAP.
- Please ignore the markings on the sheet.
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. Now answer the following questions. Give only one answer to each question. An example is given below. in pencil on your answer sheet, the answer space which bears the same letter as the option you have chosen. Do all rough work on this question paper Think carefully before you shade the answer spaces; erase completely any answer(s) you wish to change. The correct answer is Frederick Lugard, which is lettered B and therefore answer space B would be shaded. Each question is followed by four options lettered A to D. Find the correct option for each question and shade N ŝ Answer all the questions 5 Government is defined as an agency established to manage the affairs of 10 D. ·B. . 2 D. ₿. P A function of government is the following except Government maintains law and order through 10 Β. A. D. DCB A Indirect rule was introduced into the British West Africa by organizing pressure groups. controlling electoral commission. rulers. foreigners police. torming political parties. making of laws. all workers. the state. prison service. the legislature. immigration. Frederick Lugard. Margery Perham. Donald Cameron. George Goldie. [A] I 6. 'n 4 [C] N.B. 5 D. œ A. ownership of means of production and Which of the following is not a feature of a state? D. distribution is called A system of government which is based on public D. ? A. a consequence of the evils of According to Karl Max, socialism developed as oligarchy. Mass Media Sovereignty capitalism socialism. capitalism. communalism. Government feudalism. monarchy. Territory feudalism [D] 9. 10. Ħ. Β. A. legitimacy. governed is known as Acceptability of the government in power by the | 12. (B. D. 0 þ For democracy to be sustained in a country it D. 0 A needs a considered as the most effective agent of political socialization? The Which of the following agents can be each according to his/her D. 0 P ? Ψ Which of the following countries practised The guiding principle of communism is 'from D. totalitarianism? ₽1º Ψ. rich political leader. authority. sovereignty. well-informed electorate democracy. mass media. family. partial electoral commission ability and to each according to his/her school. peer group. large police force. age and to each according to his/her status'. qualification and to each according to his/her need'. need' ability' race and to each according to his/her Germany, Russia and Japan Italy, Russia and Germany Russia, Italy and England Italy, Germany and Japan 18 13. 14. 15. 16. NA propounded by The principle of checks and balances is D. The theory of separation of powers was important because it An agreed set of regulations, conventions ? в. A organization is governed is the D and customs by which a country or an A constitution is considered to be flexible if D. ? 8 The body responsible for the implementation of D. 6 P Ģ 0 ₽. law is the Charles Montesquieu A. V. Dicey. Max Weber. Gabriel Almond. constitution. prevents each organ of government from suffrage. frees other organs from judicial control. makes the organs confront themselves. culture. sovereignty responsibilities. makes the government to perform it civic being dictatorial. legislature is difficult to amend. can be altered through special procedure. can be amended by a simple majority. requires two-third majority. court. executive. judiciary. Turn over

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al 36. Local D. C. B. D. C. B. D. C.	 Which of the following is not a method used by pressure groups to achieve their objectives? A. Employing lobbyists B. Embarking on demonstrations C. Embarking on strikes and boycotts D. Contesting for political positions An effective way of strengthening societal institutions is through the expression of A. personal opinion. B. group opinion. C. elite opinion. D. public opinion. 	31. 30.	 education. education. c. criticize government. public office. n The political party whose membership comprises people of high social status is called A. religious party. B. broker party. C. elite party. D. mass party. 	 B. political head. C. constitutional head. D. democratic leader. A corrupt judicial system erodes the observance of an antional peace and stability. A. national peace and stability. B. the rule of law. C. international laws and conventions. D. democratic values of the executive. 	 A corrupt judicial sys of A. national peace B. the rule of law. C. international la D. democratic val
al 36. Local B. D. D. D.		2 23	 a. education	Contractions where the state	
al 2 36. Local B. A. the B. D. C.		31 30	 education. education. c. criticize government. public office. n The political party whose membership comprises people of high social status is called A. religious party. broker party. c. elite party. D. mass party. 	and all the two or the	1.1.1
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al D. S. Asthered Strengthered		31	 A. religious party. B. education. B. education. B. education. The political party whose membership comprises 	H ad.	パンド レーン・シー 日間
		31 30	 B. education. C. criticize government. D. public office. n The political party whose membership comprises people of high social status is called 	ad.	D. democratic leader.
D C B		31 30	 B. education. C. criticize government. D. public office. n The political party whose membership comprises 		C. constitutional head.
с в		2 8	education. criticize government. public office.		B. political head.
B.		3	education. criticize government.	al head	A. ceremonial head
		30	education.	is referred to as	is referred to as
A. It is managed by a board of directors		30	лис. , ,	a monorable the line of moon	
corpor		30		It. ici	D. Parliament.
35.		30	Right to	Security.	C. National Security.
		30	Which of the following is a fundamental right?	National Assembly. 25.	
D.					A. Congress.
	D. the clergy.				alle
12	C. educated elite.		C religious rights	In the United States of America, the legislature	In the United Sta
A. House majority leader	B. pressure groups.			and a revealed for several or and the	
34. Which of the following is a civil/public servant?	A. political parties.		A. social rights.	aring	D. Oath swearing
tion of	and no	29.	The rights of citizens to benefit from public utility is classified as	unction 24.	 G. Court injunction
, i			r. actenting a suspect	recedent	
. !	D. mass party system.				mo rogistatato.
P ;	C. totalitarian single party system.			of the Supreme Court against the executive and the legislature?	of the Supreme
	B. de facto one-party system.			Which of the following strengthens the power	Which of the fo
system. nave more than all the votes of all the outer	 A. de jure one-party system. 		A. building schools and hospitals.		
33.	legalized political party is called a	20.	One duty of a good citizen is	representation of the rich in society is taken care of. 23.	 D. representation taken care of.
D. suffrage.		2	D. Republican	on population.	on population.
C. gerrymandering.	D. settles disputes.		C. Contederal		
B. public opinion.				localized interests receive adequate	B. localized inter representation
ral malpractices. A. referendum.			A. Presidential	the executive is adequately represented.	A. the execu
			ceremonial and executive functions as a feature?		demonstrate that
ficant because it 32. A "Yes" or "No" vote on a specific political	. A political party is significant because it	27.	Which system of government has fusion of	Bicameralism is necessary in a federal state to 22.	17. Bicameralism is

C.

In the pre-colonial cra, the brashing of an only a clinef could 42 Colonial administration in West Africa was as seale of x a new environment. A lead to rinual cleansing. B the dot rinual cleansing. C C make his state come under a curse. D the desire io underdevelop West Africa. D lead to his demolment. B the desire io underdevelop West Africa. D lead to his demolment. C a need for x new environment. A use to introduce western education. D the urge to introduce western education. D lead to his demolment. A Lond. A a need for x new environment. A use power of the traditional rules in the proteconal and legislative councils. D. A Lond. D. the priests. C. Banako. D. A disorganization. D. the farmers. A disorganization. B. lakewarm demands. C. fill in cleasive farmeds. D. the farmers. A associated with most pre-independence constitutions in British West Africa was and minister. D. Aritica was and minister. A. Aitin clease farmedise. A.						41.				40.					39.					38.					37.
rra, the breaking of an Id vith his neighbours. leansing. come under a curse. stoolment. legislative councils. legislative councils. nd judicial councils. nd judicial councils. no fibe traditional rulers in could be checked by 43. e chiefs. e chiefs. e interest of the people. traditional rulers. in the British West Africa rrough 46.		Ļ	, C	B.			Ď	0	В.		D.	0	B.	A.	The the p	D.	0	В.	A.	One in W	D.	Ω.	В.	Α.	
			association.	decentralization.	assimilation.	e crown colonies in the British West Africa re administered through	working with traditional rulers.	fighting for the interest of the people.	initiating colonial policies.	Secretary of State for the colonies was consible for democratization of local governments.	the farmers.	children of the chiefs.	the priests.	the hunters.	excessive power of the traditional rulers in pre-colonial era could be checked by	consultative and judicial councils.	judicial and legislative councils.	executive and legislative councils.	judicial and executive councils.	ndependence constitutions	lead to his destoolment.	make his state come under a curse.	lead to ritual cleansing.	lead to a war with his neighbours.	100
 Colonial administration in West Africa was as a result of a need for a new environment. b. the desire to underdevelop West Africa. c. a need for raw materials and markets. d. the urge to introduce western education. policy of assimilation was successfully operated by the French in A. Lomé. B. Goreé. C. Bamako. D. Abidjan. The post-Second World War nationalism in West Africa was characterized by A. disorganization. D. Abidjan. The post-Second World War nationalism in West Africa was characterized by A. disorganization. D. increased agitation. D. increased agitation. D. all inclusive franchise. C. Africa nomination of the executive council. D. African domination of the legislative council. D. African domination of the legislative council. E. legislature and local council. C. legislature and executive. D. judiciary and the press. 	 100-11-1			46.				1.0		45.	1		5		44.										
			A. executive and judiciary.		the strain sufficiency of the													-		Policy of assimilation was successfully operated by the French in					Colonial administration in West Africa was as a result of
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D. C. B. A. B. A. D. C. B. A. Martin A. D. C. B. A. Martin A. Mart								1				and a second of	-	D.	ы Ю В		A.			D.			. в.	4.0	
olves an overthrow of a legitimate government by pressure groups. violent overthrow of a democratic government by the armed forces. the legitimate seizure of power by the police and civilians. promotes country's foreign policy is at it encourages infringement on the territories of other states. promotes country's national interest. stimulates political activities in the state. promotes understanding between the leaders and the led.				- 1					10								A. encourages infringement on the territories					government of a democratic			
 A an overthrow of a legitimate government by pressure of power from a legitimate government by the armed forces. C. violent overthrow of a democratic government by the police. D. the legitimate seizure of power by the police and civilians. A major merit of a country's foreign policy is that it A. encourages infringement on the territories of other states. B. promotes country's national interest. C. stimulates political activities in the state. D. promotes understanding between the leaders and the led. 				1			6 F		att.			and the second of the second se					A. encourages infringement on the territories			the legitimate seizure of power by the police and civilians.	government by the police.	government of a democratic			

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One primary objective of the New Partnership for African Development (NEPAD) is to A. settle disputes among African nations.

- eradicate poverty.
- C. betray corrupt African leaders.D. protect African citizens.
- The Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) was formally established in Lagos on
- A. December 20,1945.
- B. June 20, 1963.
- C. March 15, 1971.D. May 28, 1975.

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