# **WASSCE / WAEC COMMERCE SYLLABUS**

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## **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION**

There will be two papers - paper I and paper 2, both of which will be a composite paper to be taken in one sitting.

**PAPER 1:** Will consist of 50 compulsory multiple choice questions to be Answered in 50 minutes for 50 marks.

**PAPER 2:** Will consist of eight essay type question out of which candidates will be required to answer any five within 2 hours for 100 marks

## **DETAILED SYLLABUS**

S/NO	CONTENTS	NOT	ES
1.	INTRODUCTION	i. ii. iii.	Definition of Commerce and E - Commerce History/Background of Commerce Scope of Commerce and E Commerce
		iv.	Functions of Commerce and E Commerce
2.	OCCUPATION	i.	Meaning of Occupation
		ii.	Types;- Industrial, Commercial, Service Occupation
		iii.	Factors that determine types of occupation / employment Career Opportunities

3.	PRODUCTION	i.	Meaning
		ii.	Factors – land, labour, capital and
			entrepreneurship
		iii.	Types:- Primary, Secondary and Tertiary
			production
		iv.	Division of labour/specialization
			- meaning
			- types

			- advantages and disadvantages,
			- limitation
		V.	Inter-relationship between production and
			exchange
4.	BUSINESS UNITS	i.	Meaning and objectives of business
		ii.	Forms of business units
			<ul> <li>Sole proprietorship,</li> </ul>
			— Partnership,
			<ul> <li>Co-operative Societies,</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Credit Union and Thrift Societies,</li> </ul>
			<ul><li>Public enterprises,</li></ul>
			— Companies -
		iii.	Types, Formation, characteristics,
			comparison, advantages and disadvantages
		iv.	Sources of capital of each forms of business
		v.	Meaning and purpose of
			- Amalgamations,
			- Mergers and acquisitions
			- Trust,
			- Holding companies and Subsidiaries
			- Consortium and Cartel
		vi.	Dissolution/Liquidation of
			Companies/Partnership.
5.	TRADE ASSOCIATIONS		Aims and functions of
		i.	Trade Association
		ii.	Chamber of Commerce, Employers
			Association
		iii.	Consumer Association/Consumerism

6.	BUSINESS CAPITAL	i.	Meaning and types -
	AND PROFITS		Authorized/Registered/Normal capital, called-
			up, paid-up capital, capital owned,
			liquid/circulating capital
		ii.	Credit - Meaning, Sources, Instrument and
			Functions
		iii.	Calculation of working capital, the Importance
			of working capital
		iv.	Profits - Meaning, types and calculation of
			profit
		V.	Turnover - Meaning, calculations and factors
			affecting turnover.
7.	TRADE	F	Purpose and branches of trade –
	(a) HOME TRADE	Hom	e Trade and Foreign Trade – Meaning &
			Differences,
		i.	Retail trade:
			Functions of retailer
			- Factors to consider in starting a retail
			business
			- Reasons for success/failure of retail
			business.
		ii.	Small scale and large scale retailing –
			Types of Retail Outlets,
			- Unit shops, Stalls, Hawkers, Kiosks,
			Mobile shops, Supermarket, Chain Stores,
			Department Stores, Shopping malls,
			Hypermarkets and Mail Order business
			The main characteristics of each.
			- Advantages and disadvantages.

	<ul> <li>Modern trends in retailing – branding, self service, Vouchers. Vending machines, credit cards.</li> <li>Wholesale trade - Functions of Wholesalers Types of Wholesalers. Factors. Merchant and agent Wholesalers</li> <li>Factor making for elimination and survival of middlemen</li> <li>Channel of Distribution:         <ul> <li>Meaning, Types.</li> <li>Factors for choice of Channel</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
(b) FOREIGN TRADE	<ul> <li>i. Meaning -  Types: Import, export and entreport  ii Basic concept in International trade - terms of trade, balance of trade, balance of payment - favourable, unfavourable, visible and invisible items, bilateral and multilateral agreements and counter trade  iv. Advantages and Disadvantages  v. Barriers to Foreign trade –  vi. Tariffs –  Meaning  Reason for tariffs,  vii. Functions of port and Airports Authorities,  Customs and Excise Authority and Shipping,  Clearing and forwarding Agents. Exports  promotion Council.</li> </ul>

8	PURCHASE AND SALE	i.	Procedure and documents used in business -
	OF GOODS IN HOME		Order, Indent, Consular Invoice, Ordinary
	AND FOREIGN TRADE		Invoice, Credit/Debit notes, Proforma Invoice,
			Letter of hypothecation, documentary credit,
			certificate of origin, certificate of inspection,
			insurance certificate.
		ii.	Price Quotation - Trade discount, Cash
			discount, Quantity discount, COD, CWO, CIF,
			FOB, E & OE, Ex-works, LOCO, FAS, FOR
			and Franco
		iii.	Terms of Payment: Cash/Spot Payment,
			Purchase and deferred payment.
		iv.	Means of payment - Legal tender – (bank
			notes and coins), cheques, standing order,
			bank draft, stamps, postal-orders, money
			orders, bills of exchange and promissory
			Note, mail transfer, traveller's cheques,
			telegraphic transfer. Epayment
9.	FINANCE AND	i.	Meaning
	FINANCIAL	ii.	Evolution/History
	INSTITUTIONS		Evolution// listory
	A. MONEY	iii.	Forms
		iv.	Qualities and functions.
		i.	Types of Banks - Central Bank, Commercial
			Banks and other specialized banks e.g.
			Development Bank, Mortgage Bank,
			Building Society, Micro finance institutions, -
	B. BANKS		their features and Functions.
			Bureau-de-change (Meaning and
			Functions)
	<u> </u>		

	ii. E. Banking –
	Meaning,
	forms - ATM, Money transfer -
	E Payment – online transfer
	iii. Types of Accounts: Current, Savings and
	Fixed Deposit Account - Their main features
	Tixed Deposit Account Their main reatures
	i. Meaning and basic principles –
	utmost good faith, insurable interest,
	indemnity and subrogation, Contribution
	and proximate cause
	ii. Types of Insurance
	a. life Insurance
C. INSURANCE	- Whole life Assurance
	- Endowment
	b. Non life Insurance
	- Motor vehicle
	- Fire
	- Fidelity
	- Burglary/Robbery/Theft
	- Accidents
	- Consequential Loss
	- Marine
	c. Types of Risk

	i. Insurable Risk e.g. fundamental risks
	- Pure risk
	- Particular risk
	ii. Uninsurable risk
	ii. Offinsurable risk
	- speculative risk
	d. Importance of Insurance to business and
	individual.
	e. Procedure for taking an Insurance Policy.
	f. Underwriting - meaning
	g. Re-insurance - Meaning and purpose
	i. Meaning
	ii. Functions
	iii. Methods of raising funds by companies - offer
	for sale, offer for subscription, rights issue,
	private placement, issue by tender
	Second tier Security market
D. CAPITAL MARKET	i. meaning and functions
	ii. Advantages to Companies/Public
	iii. Requirement for listing
	i. Meaning and functions,
	ii. Importance

	T	
		iii. Transactions on the stock exchange
		iv. Speculators - Meaning and Types
		v. Types of Security - Shares, Stock, Bond gilt
		edge, debentures/Convertible loans
	E. STOCK EXCHANGE	i. Meaning
		ii. Types of tradable commodities
	(first tier)	iii. Requirements for trading - Grading,
		Standardizing, Warehousing, Clearing system
		iv. Method of Trading - open outcry and electronic
		mechanisms
		v. Benefit of Commodity exchange
	F. COMMODITY	
	EXCHANGE	
		(i) Meaning
		(ii) Importance
		(iii) Choice of transport
		(iv) Forms
		(a) Land (b) Water
		(b) Water (c) Air
		(d) Pipeline
		(v) Advantages and disadvantage of each form
10.	TRANSPORT, TOURISM, COMMUNICATION and	
		<ul><li>(vi) Documents - Waybills, Consignment note, tickets and manifest</li></ul>
	WAREHOUSING	tionoto and maimost
	l .	

A. TRANSPORT,	(i) Meaning
	(ii) Advantages and disadvantages
	(i) Meaning
	(ii) Types – Oral. Written, Visual, Non-verbal,
	Non-visual, Traditional,
	(iii) Advantages and Disadvantages
	(iv) Importance and services of Post Office
	(v) Courier Agencies and other communication
	agencies – Telephone system, satellite
	services, internet- E-mail
	(vi) Computer Appreciation
	- meaning,
	- component parts,
	- advantages and disadvantages.
	(i) Meaning
	(ii) Importance
B. TOURISM	(iii) Functions
	(iv) Types
	(v) Advantages
C COMMUNICATION	

	D. WAREHOUSING		
11.	ADVERTISING	(i)	Meaning
		(ii)	Roles, advantages and disadvantages
		(iii)	Types - informative, persuasive,
			Competitive, mass/specific
		(iv)	Methods - direct and indirect
		(v)	Media- meaning, choice and types
12	INTRODUCTION TO MARKETING		
	A. MARKETING	(i) Mo	eaning
		(ii) Im	portance
		(iv) D	unctions Differences between market and marketing, narket and marketing research.
		The Ma	rketing mix 4ps
	B. Marketing Concept	(i) (ii) - - -	Meaning Components Products, price, place and promotion

	<u></u>	<del>,</del>
		(i) Meaning (ii) Importance
		(ii) importance
		Types – Pre and after sales services
		(i) Meaning (ii) Methods
		Trade fairs, exhibitions, gifts, demonstration
		Personal Selling
		Meaning
		Importance
	C. Customer Services	
	D. Sales Promotion	
13. LEGAL ASPECT OF (i) Contract		(i) Contract
	BUSINESS	- Meaning -
		Wearing
	Areas of law that relate to	- Elements of a valid contract
	Business	- Discharge of a contract
		(ii) Agency
		- Meaning
		- Creation
		- Duties and responsibilities of principals
		and agents
		- Termination
		(iii) Sales of goods Act
		(iv) Hire Purchase Act
		(v) Rights and Obligations of employer and
		Employee
		(vi) Government regulation of Business - patents,
	L	

	Т	
		copyright. Trade mark
		(vii) Registration of Business
		- Meaning and uses
		(i) Mooning
		(i) Meaning
		(ii) Need for protection
		(iii) Means of protection
		(iv) Consumerism
		Meaning
		Means, Instrument of protection
		·
		Government Legislation - food and drugs Act
		standard organization Act - Price Control Act -
		Factory, Shops and Offices Act – Product quality
	Consumer Protection	
14.	Government policies	
	relating to business	
	A. Commercialsation	(i) Meaning and Reasons
	B. Privatisation	(ii) Advantages and disadvantages
	C. Deregulation	(iii) Comparison/differences
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
15.	INTRODUCTION TO	i. Meaning
	BUSINESS	ii. Objectives of business
		ii. Objectives of business
	MANAGEMENT	iii. Meaning of Business Management
		iv. Functions
		v. Business Resources

		- Man, Money, Materials Opportunities/Goodwill
		vi. Structure of Business organizational setup
		Organisational chart, Departments, Functions
		of each, Authority, Delegation of Authority
		- Responsibility Span of Control
		Meanings
		vii. Business and its environment Economical
		- Political Competition Technological etc
		viii. Social responsibility of Business to the Society
		ix. Importance of Inter and Intra departmental
		communications
16.	ECONOMIC	i. History
	GROUPINGS	ii Membership
	A. ECOWAS	iii Objectives iv. Achievements
	B NIGER BASIN .	
	COMMISSION (NBC)	
	C. LAKE CHAD BASIN	v. Problems/Obstacles
	COMMISSION (LCBC)	
	D. MANO-RIVER UNION	
	E. EUROPEAN UNION	
	F. WEST AFRICAN CLEARING HOUSE	

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS**

- i. Senior Secondary Commerce, Book One, two and three by M. O. Odedokun, P. C. Udokogu and C. O. N. Oguji.
- ii. Basic Marketing- McCarthy Jerome, E., William Perreault Jr.
- iii. Marketing G. B. Giles (The M & E hand book services)
- iv. Consumer Behaviour Prof. Achumba (University of Lagos